Report on the Working of the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution

For the Year 1924-25

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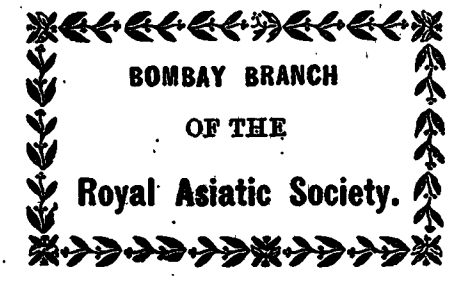

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No. 155 of 1925.

The David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution,

Matunga, Bombay, 26th August 1925.

From

E. J. BUNBURY, Esq.,
Chairman, Managing Committee of the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution;

To

The DIRECTOR of PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Poona.

Sir,

I have the honour to forward the accompanying Report on the working of the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution for the year 1924-25.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

E. J. BUNBURY,
Chairman,
vid Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution.

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE DAVID SASSOON INDUSTRIAL AND REFORMATORY INSTITUTION FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1925.

1. *Committee of Management.*—The following changes took place during the year. Mr. Frank Oliveira, LL.B., Chief Presidency Magistrate, *ex-officio* member, vacated his seat in September 1924 on retirement from Government service and was succeeded by Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Bar.-at-Law. Mr. E. J. Bunbury, Chairman, returned from leave in November and took over charge from Lt.-Col. M. P. Kharegat, I.M.S. (Retd.), officiating Chairman. The Committee at the end of the year was composed as follows:—

Nominated by Government.

E. J. Bunbury, Esq., Chairman.
Hormasjee Jehangir Bhabha, Esq., M.A.
Sir Jamsetji Jijeebhoy, Bart., K.C.S.I.
A. G. Gray, Esq.
F. J. Page, Esq., O.B.E.
Shariff Dewji Kanji, Esq.
S. S. Rangnekar, Esq., Bar.-at-Law, *Ex-Officio* as Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Appointed by the Sassoon Family.

H. H. Sawyer, Esq.
Sidney Wood, Esq.

Co-opted by the Committee.

Ishwardas Lukhmidas, Esq.
Lt.-Col. M. P. Kharegat, I.M.S. (Retd.).

Twelve ordinary meetings and one Special Meeting of the Committee were held during the year.

2. *Staff.*—Mr. J. Walker, Superintendent, resigned on August 14th, 1924 and the Managing Committee appointed Mr. J. M. Desai, B.A., in his place. The Director of Public Instruction very kindly deputed Mr. B. H. Kazi, M.A., Superintendent of the Yeravda Reformatory, to carry on the Superintendent's duties between August 14th and September 1st when Mr. Desai took up his appointment. Mr. Desai has shown himself to be a capable and sympathetic Superintendent and considerable improvement in the general tone of the School has taken place since he took over charge.

The School Masters and Maistries have shown greater interest in the boys outside class hours and their co-operation in the management has been of considerable assistance to the Superintendent. The

Medical Officer, Mr. Saldhana, has also taken a keen interest in the organisation of games and outdoor recreations for the boys in addition to carrying out efficiently his duties as Medical Officer.

The Peon Staff by judicious recruitment has been considerably improved.

3. *Accommodation and Buildings.*—The average number of boys per month during the year was 306 as against 308 in the previous year and the highest average in any one month was 342 as against 326 in 1923-24. The maximum number of boys for whom there is accommodation is 334. No special repairs were carried out by the Public Works Department to the buildings. Ordinary repairs were executed costing Rs. 4,485.

Latrines.—In response to the reiterated request of the Committee for the immediate improvement of the existing latrines, a scheme was prepared by the Public Works Department, costing Rs. 29,924 approved by the Committee and administratively approved by Government. With reference to the tendency mentioned below to raise the average period of apprenticeship which will result in a higher average number of boys throughout the year in the school and in view of the fact that this complaint is now of twelve years' standing, it is hoped that Government will provide the necessary funds to enable the scheme to be carried into effect without delay.

4. *Number of boys.*—The following statistics for the year under report as compared with those of the previous year are of interest:—

	1924-25.	1923-24.
Total number of boys in the Institution as at 1st April	330	324
Private Apprentices	3	2
Number admitted under Magistrate's orders ...	168	140
Number reconvicted and returned to the Institution after undergoing sentence	Nil.	11
Private apprentices admitted	4	6
Number discharged on expiry of sentence ...	120	87
Number discharged on recommendation of the Committee with the consent of the Magistrate.	49	8
Number discharged on attaining the age of 18 years		25
Number reconvicted and transferred to Dharwar Jail		5
Number reconvicted and transferred to Ummerkhadi Jail		11
Private apprentices withdrawn	4	5
Absconded and not recaptured	8	8
Died in Hospitals		2
Total number of boys in the Institution on 31st March 1925	321	330

The total of 321 boys in the Institution on 31st March 1925 was made up of the following castes and creeds :—

Caste or Creed.	Number.
Indian Christians	15
Hindoos	139
Criminals and Hills tribes	3
Sikh	1
Jew	1
Mahomedans	162
Total ...	321

The ages of 168 boys admitted and sent by the Magistrates to the Reformatory were :—

No. of boys.	Ages.
15	10
11	11
42	12
25	13
42	14
26	15
7	16
168	

And their terms of apprenticeship were :—

No. of boys.	Terms of Apprenticeship.
7	1 year.
15	2 years.
65	3 ,,
42	4 ,,
35	5 ,,
3	6 ,,
1	7 ,,
168	

Period of Apprenticeship.—Comparing the above figures with those for the previous year it will be observed that the average period of apprenticeship awarded by Magistrates has increased from 2·4 years in 1923-24 to 3·6 years in 1924-25. This is in accordance with the expressed wishes of the Committee in order

that all boys sent to the Institution may be placed there for a sufficiently long period to enable them to derive full benefit from the training and education imparted. As a rule very little real good can be achieved in less than 3 years. Although one effect of this is to raise the average number of boys in the Institution, this is however corrected to a certain extent by the early release of boys whose conduct and training justify such a recommendation being made by the Committee to the Committing Magistrate. This system both assures that boys are given a fair chance of learning a trade and in effect constitutes a very powerful inducement to good behaviour which is an essential condition to early release. The average period of stay of boys discharged during the year was 2 years and 5 months. The longest period was 5 years and the shortest 1 year.

The number admitted rose from 140 to 168 and the number discharged from 120 to 169. The more rapid rate of discharge is mainly due to the larger number, *viz.*, 49, discharged before the expiry of their period on account of good conduct as above-mentioned.

Average Age of boys admitted fell from 13·4 to 13 years. Although it is not possible to place much reliance upon the ages of boys as entered in the Police Warrants, the figure may be taken as approximately accurate. It might help matters if the ages of boys committed by the Magistrates were verified by the Police Court Surgeon.

5. *Daily Routine.*—In order that all boys except infants may obtain adequate training in the several handicrafts taught in the School the daily time-table as given in last year's report has been revised as follows :—

Rise		6-15 a.m.
Canji		7-00 „
Cleaning	7-00 — 8-00	„
Drill	8-00 — 8-45	„
Classes and Workshops	9-00 —11-30	„
Meal	11-30 — 1-00	p.m.
Classes and Workshops	1-00 — 3-00	„
Canji	3-00 — 3-30	„
Classes and Workshops	3-30 — 5-00	„
Recreation	5-00 — 6-00	„
Meal	6-00	„
Dormitories	7-00	„

Saturday afternoons and Sundays are devoted to walks, recreations, bathing, clothes washing, visits of parents, etc. The above time-table is slightly varied as between hot and cold weather months.

6. *Health.*—The general health of the boys was good. 486 out-door and 78 indoor patients were attended as against 608 and 47 in the previous year. The decrease in the number of outdoor patients

was mainly due to the decrease in skin diseases consequent upon the introduction of the regular Bathing Parades which are supervised by the Medical Officer. The increase in indoor cases was chiefly due to the prevalence of mumps.

Twelve boys were sent for treatment to outside Hospitals of whom 3 escaped. During the year the more serious illnesses comprised 6 cases of enteric, 1 of cholera and 40 of mumps. All boys were inoculated against Enteric and Cholera, and boiled water was supplied for drinking purposes during the enteric period. Quinine was administered as a prophylactic measure against malaria from September 1924 to March 1925.

All new admissions were isolated for ten days, disinfected and given clean clothes before being allowed to mix with the rest of the school.

All boys were weighed regularly twice a month and those found to be losing weight were given codliver oil.

The Medical Officer performed his duties punctually and efficiently, and, in addition, supervised the quality of all rations before issue, rejecting any that in his opinion were not fully up to the standard laid down with the contractor.

7. *Industry.*—The following handicrafts are taught:—

1. Carpentry.
2. Blacksmithy and Fitter's work.
3. Cane Weaving.
4. Painting and Polishing.
5. Tailoring.
6. Gardening.
7. Cotton Spinning in a neighbouring Mill.

The successful running of so many manufacturing shops requires a great deal of technical and accounting supervision. Improvements have been effected in the purchase of materials and sale of articles, and a new system of workshop costing accounts has been prepared with the object of showing clearly exactly how each individual workshop is being run. These accounts will be available for the current year. In concentrating on the business-like organisation of the shops, sight has not been lost of the main object of their existence, namely, the training of the boys to master the particular trade to which they elect to be apprenticed. I would emphasise that these improvements call for extra work and efficiency on the part of our Staff and if the full benefit of these improvements is to be felt it is necessary that a high standard should be maintained throughout our Managing and Instructional Staff.

Reference to Appendix "E" at the end of this report will show the numbers of boys apprenticed to each particular workshop and Appendix "B" the particulars of the jobs obtained by boys discharged during the year.

8. *Education.*—Instruction is given in the Vernaculars (Marathi and Guzerati) and in English up to Standard III. Drawing is also taught under Mr. Mehta who has shown great keenness and aptitude

in his work. Eight boys were entered for the Elementary Drawing Examination out of whom three passed; one boy was entered for the Intermediate Examination and passed very creditably, being awarded a cash prize of Rs. 6, for "Designing", and his design was reproduced in the Drawing Examination Report for the year 1924. Particulars of the number of boys attending the various classes will be found in Appendix "E". In view of the large number of Mahomedan boys application has been made to Government to sanction the employment of an Urdu teacher.

9. *Conduct and Discipline* show considerable improvement. The gradual elimination of a number of the older and worse character boys connected with the disturbances of the last two years, has cleared the atmosphere of a particularly bad element. Every effort is made to encourage the boys to establish self-discipline amongst themselves. Better arrangements have been made for the separation of boys under 14 from those over 14 and the School may be said to have been divided as far as possible into an Upper and Lower School based on age. Monitors are recruited not only from amongst the bigger boys but a certain proportion are now promoted from the ranks of the Lower School in order that each School may have their own monitors to supervise their internal discipline arrangements. In the same way games are divided up so as to ensure that the smaller boys have a fair chance of competing with others of their own age.

Emphasis has been laid on the new policy of early release to boys of good conduct on condition that suitable employment is available for them or that their parents or guardians are prepared to undertake to look after them. This has undoubtedly proved a great incentive to good behaviour particularly in the case of the Upper School boys where most of the trouble is usually to be found.

A special sub-committee was appointed towards the end of the year to report on the disciplinary side of our organisation and as a result of its deliberations the Committee laid down certain broad principles and rules as a guide to the Superintendent and with a view to securing continuity of practice in this respect.

A new feature of the daily programme is the recital every morning and evening of a common prayer after which occasionally one of the masters or the Superintendent himself gives a short discourse on some moral or religious subject. These brief lectures are sometimes delivered by the boys themselves. Religious instruction is also given by teachers of the different religions.

A supply of vernacular literature of a suitable description has been obtained from the Social Service League and these books are issued to the boys to read in their leisure hours and in the dormitories at night.

10. *Recreations.*—Football and Cricket are the chief games played and Indian games including wrestling are encouraged. Several cricket matches were arranged with other schools during the season. The Members of the Committee gave their Annual

Dewali treat to the boys on 29th October 1924. Athletic sports were held during the Christmas holidays. Prizes consisting of sweetmeats were given to the winners of the various events and tea and cakes served to the whole school. On Sundays boys are taken out for walks on the sea-shore in batches of 30 or 40 accompanied by two monitors, two peons and two schoolmasters.

The question of introducing Boy Scouting is under consideration and will be introduced as soon as qualified scout masters can be obtained to start the organisation.

Mr. Mehta, the Drawing Master, produced two simple plays performed entirely by boys with an aptitude for acting, and these were performed before His Excellency the Governor at the Annual Prize Distribution.

The Committee have sanctioned the purchase of a Magic Lantern with the donation kindly given by His Excellency this year, and it is hoped in this way to provide a series of interesting and instructive lectures on various subjects during the dark evenings of the cold weather months when opportunities for evening outdoor exercise are considerably curtailed.

11. *Mark-money* is awarded to boys for good conduct and efficiency at work. A new departure during the year was the decision of the Committee to bank in a Post Office Savings Bank Account the mark-money of any boy which amounted to Rs. 7-8-0 or over. It is hoped in this way to encourage thrift, as boys are apt to spend their mark-money at once on release if it is handed them entirely in cash.

12. *After Care.*—Appendix "B" gives full information regarding employment obtained by boys on leaving school. These figures this year are given separately for the year under review as well as the total for the last four years which has hitherto been the form in which these statistics have been submitted. Appendix "C" gives particulars of the 85 boys who on discharge went to the Auxiliary Home.

Every effort is made to provide employment for boys on discharge and this very important part of our work falls entirely on the shoulders of the Superintendent and takes up a great deal of his time. The great importance attached to this by the Committee has resulted in much more attention being paid to it and is one of the reasons for the request made to Government to sanction the appointment of a Deputy Superintendent in place of the present post of Secretary. Greater use has been made of the Sheppard After-Care Home which is now under the management of the Salvation Army authorities with quarters in the Willingdon Boys' Home in Sankli Street. Of the 85 boys who went to this Home during the year a large proportion obtained employment from there. This valuable adjunct of our Institution is much appreciated by the boys who apply in increasing numbers to be allowed to go there on discharge pending the finding of suitable employment. A word of thanks is due to Mr. MacArthur, the Superintendent, for the efficient way he has looked after our boys at the Auxiliary Home.

13. *Annual Prize Distribution.*—His Excellency the Governor kindly presided at the Prize Distribution which this year was held on Holi day, March 11th, 1925. It is hoped that we may be able to keep to this day annually in future in order that as many old boys as possible may be able to attend and in this way keep touch with the Superintendent. This year 20 old boys attended and were all personally presented to His Excellency who spoke to them and asked them about their present employment and welfare. Special arrangements were made to provide all old boys with light refreshments and the Committee intend to repeat this every year in future. It was gratifying to note that all these boys were employed and appeared to be doing well in their various stations in life. A large attendance of friends interested in the work of the Institution was a pleasing feature of the entertainment. The Committee are anxious to interest as wide a section of the public as possible in their work. Amongst the notable guests were the Chief Justice Sir Norman Macleod and Lady Macleod, Mr. Dastur and Mr. Khandallawalla, Dr. DeMonte, Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Bart., and many others.

14. *Distinguished Visitors.*—The following visited the Institution during the year under review and recorded favourable comments in the Visitors' Book on the general working and management of the Institution.

Mr. P. L. Thacker, 5th Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

Mr. D. W. Burley, M.Inst., C.E.B.Sc., of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute.

Mr. O. H. B. Starte, I.C.S., Criminal Tribes Settlement Officer.

Visitors are always welcome and I hope to see a longer list next year of those interested in the work of our school.

15. *Finance.*—An audited abstract of receipts and expenditure for the year ending 31st March 1925 is shown in Appendix "A" annexed to this report. It is satisfactory to report that the year's working showed a surplus of Rs. 811, as against a deficit of Rs. 2,502, in the previous year. Excluding the sum of Rs. 1,200, non-recurring expenditure debited to 1923-24 in respect of retiring gratuity to Mr. House, the improvement is due to less expended on new plant for workshops, reduction in maintenance charges chiefly due to cheaper cost of clothing made in the Tailoring Shop instead of purchased from the contractor and reduced working loss on workshops due to better supervision and organisation of the sales of manufactured articles. From April 1st, 1925, a proper system of Costing Accounts has been started for all the workshops so that in the next Annual Report figures will be available to show the manufacturing results of the Industrial portion of the school.

The thanks of the Committee are due to Mr. Page for arranging for the introduction of this up-to-date system of accounting which is an entirely new departure for our clerical staff and means a considerable addition to their ordinary routine work. The Committee are confident however that this will result in considerable economies being effected in view of the growing importance of the

industrial side of the Institution as a result of the better demand for the products of our workshops and the larger part played by them in supplying the various articles included in the ordinary maintenance of the school.

The average cost per head during the year under review was Rs. 262, as against Rs. 289, in the previous year. Of this the amount expended by Government came to Rs. 212 per head as against Rs. 206 in the previous year (see Appendix "D"). This increase is due to the fact that the year under review is debited with the deficit which occurred in the previous year, and accordingly the benefit of the surplus in 1924-25 will accrue to Government in the current year. I would ask Government to bear this in mind also when considering the recommendations of the Committee in the matter of the appointment of a Deputy Superintendent which may involve some slight increase in the present scale of pay of the establishment.

16. *A word to employers.*—I would particularly ask employers of labour, especially those in charge of mills, or engineering and railway workshops, to assist us by giving employment to those of our boys on discharge who are recommended to them by the Superintendent. Care is taken to restrict recommendations to boys of good character and ability, and many of our boys after two or three years training in the Institution are both better educated and trained than others who have not had the opportunity of a highly organised industrial education. If any such employers should read this report which I am circulating as widely as possible, I would ask them to find the time to visit our school and see for themselves our system of training and the type of young man we turn out. The idea that the boys sent to Reformatories are young criminals is I think now quite exploded. About ninety per cent. of the boys sent to us are nothing more than waifs and strays, orphans or unwanted children of careless parents. After a period of good feeding, healthy environment, primary education and technical training, the great majority of boys leave the Institution better equipped for life in every way physically, mentally and morally than would otherwise be possible in their station in life.

In conclusion I have to express my sincere thanks to my colleagues of the Committee and in particular to Lieut.-Col. Kharegat who acted as Chairman for the greater part of the year. By their initiative, active co-operation and assistance the past year has been one of distinct progress and improvement in all branches of the Institution.

E. J. BUNBURY,

Chairman,

David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution, Matunga.

Bombay, 3rd August 1925.

LIST OF APPENDICES ATTACHED TO THE REPORT.

Appendix "*A*".—Accounts for the year 1924-25.

Appendix "*B*".—After-Care of Boys discharged in 4 years ending 31st March 1925 and for the year ending 31st March 1925.

Appendix "*C*".—Particulars of Boys sent to Sheppard After-Care Auxiliary Home on discharge.

Appendix "*D*".—Average cost per head for years 1923-24 and 1924-25.

Appendix "*E*".—Number of Boys receiving instruction in various subjects as on 31st March 1925.

APPENDIX A.

APPENDIX

Abstract Cash Account of the David Sassoon Industrial

RECEIPTS.

Particulars.	Securities and deposits.	Cash.	
		Details.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
To—Balance on 1st April 1924 as follows—			
Cash with Secretary ...	.....	1,839 0 5	
In deposit with the Imperial Bank of India—		8,716 8 11	10,555 9 4
Face value of Securities ...	57,500 0 0		
To—Amount received from the Accountant General—			
On account of maintenance charges of boys as per Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 1472, dated 24th July 1903	.....	31,545 5 10	
On account of Medical Officer's pay, allowance and pension contribution as per Government Resolution, Finance Department, No. 1735, dated 20th April 1923	.....	1,545 0 0	
On account of pay of Establishment as per Government Resolution, Educational Department, No. 376, dated 24th March 1922	.....	28,659 2 0	
On account of gratuities to boys as per Government Resolution, Finance Department, No. 2281, dated 13th June 1918 ...	.....	710 0 0	
On account of Drawing Grant-in-aid for 1923-24	.....	132 8 0	
On account of deficit in accounts of the Institution for 1923-24 ...	.....	2,552 0 0	65,143 15 10
To—Interest—			
Received from the Accountant General on the Endowment of Messrs. David Sassoon & Co. ...	.....	1,500 0 0	
Carried over ...	57,500 0 0	.....	75,699 9 2

A.

and Reformatory Institution for the year 1924-25.

EXPENDITURE.

Particulars.	Securities and deposits.	Cash.	
		Details.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
By—Establishment charges—			
Amount paid on account of pay of the Establishment ...	.....	28,942 15 0	
Amount paid on account of pay and local allowance of the Medical Officer	.....	1,260 0 0	
Amount paid to Public Debt Office on account of the Pension Contribution on the pay of the Medical Officer	.....	285 0 0	
			30,487 15 0
By—Maintenance charges—			
Amount paid on account of rations and clothing supplied to the boys sent by the Presidency Magistrates	.....	32,274 14 4	
Amount paid on account of the maintenance charges of private apprentices	.....	357 14 4	
			32,632 12 8
By—Municipal Taxes	.....	.....	3,123 4 0
By—Workshop purchase of stores ...	.....	.....	3,245 6 3
By—Deposits— Deposits of tenderers returned ...	.....	.....	400 0 0
By—Stamp charges	...	.....	42 0 9
Carried over ...	.....	.....	69,931 6 8

Abstract Cash Account of the David Sassoon Industrial

RECEIPTS.

Particulars.	Securities and deposits.	Cash.	
		Details.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ...	57,500 0 0	.....	75,699 9 2
To—Interest on Securities—			
Received on Government Promissory Notes belonging to the Institution	.....	930 7 10	
Received on Government Promissory Notes belonging to a contractor	.....	5 15 0	
			2,436 6 10
Received from the Municipal Schools Committee on account of Grant-in-aid for the year 1923-24	.....	.....	1,395 0 0
Fees and Compensation—			
Maintenance charges of boys admitted as private apprentices.	.....	.....	840 0 0
Earnings of boys hired out—			
Received from the Manager of the Ruby Mills	.....	.....	8,183 11 4
Workshops—			
Sale of manufactured articles—			
Received for materials used and labour employed for the work done for the public ...	.....	.....	2,918 5 9
Deposits—			
Received from the tenderers with their tenders for the supply of rations, clothing and workshop materials	.....	.....	500 0 0
Received on account of private property of boys admitted into the Institution	.....	.....	154 8 0
Received from the sale of tender forms	.....	.....	16 0 0
Received from the Trustees of Colonel Lloyd Jones Medal Fund as fixed deposit at call with the New Mofussil Company, Bombay... ...	525 0 0	.....	150 0 0
Donation from His Excellency the Governor—			
Received from the Trustees of the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Readymoney Endowment Fund for payment of cash prizes to boys...	.....	.....	59 0 0
Received from His Excellency the Governor for the Governor's prizes to boys	.....	.....	50 0 0
Carried over ...	58,025 0 0	.....	92,402 9 1

and Reformatory Institution for the year 1924-25—contd.

EXPENDITURE.

Particulars.	Securities and deposits.	Cash.	
		Details.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ...	.....	.....	69,931 6 8
By—Purchase of Books and Stationery	.....	.....	333 13 0
By—Printing and advertisement charges	.....	.....	265 12 0
Private property of boys returned on their discharge from Institution	.....	.....	101 8 11
Payment of gratuities to boys ...	.....	.....	700 3 3
Gas and lighting charges ...	.....	.....	2,137 5 6
Charges of extra diet to the boys .	.....	.....	327 2 10
By—Adjustments—			
Adjustments on account of cost of stores (medical) supplied to the Institution as per Audit Note for the year 1923-24 ...	.....	939 3 0	
Adjustment on account of the cost of Dungri cloth for the clothing of boys supplied by the Superintendent, Thana Special Prison	.....	519 10 6	
			1,458 13 6
Cost of two smith's bellows purchased for the blacksmith's shop	.....	.....	403 8 0
Cost of thalis and lotas purchased for the use of the boys in the Institution	.....	.....	111 5 3
Rent of the Telephone ...	.....	.....	175 0 0
Paid to the Contractor for cleaning grain	.....	.....	310 0 0
Carried over ...	.....	.....	76,255 14 11

Abstract Cash Account of the David Sassoon Industrial

RECEIPTS.

Particulars.	Securities and deposits.	Cash.	
		Details.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ...	58,025 0 0	.....	92,402 9 1
Received from the Chairman for the Chairman's prizes to boys...	... ..	.....	14 0 0
Received from the Garden Fund for the Garden prizes to boys ...	.....	.....	10 0 0
Miscellaneous	.....	.....	119 15 0
Refunds	... ..	.....	74 7 0
Adjustments—			
Adjustments on account of medical stores supplied to the Institution as per Audit Note for the year 1923-24 ...	.....	939 3 0	.....
Adjustments on account of cost of dungri cloth for boys' shirts, towels and lungotas supplied by the Superintendent, Thana Special Prison	...	519 10 6	1,458 13 6
Total ...	58,025 0 0	.....	94,073 12 7

Details of Securities and Deposits :—

	Rs.
Amount of Endowment of Messrs. David Sassoon & Co., bearing interest at 5 per cent., deposited with the Accountant General	30,000
Government Promissory Notes bearing interest at 3½ per cent. being Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Readymoney Endowment of Rs. 1,000 for scholarships and rewards *plus* accumulated interest, deposited with the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay	1,700
Government Promissory Notes bearing interest at 3½ per cent. bought from Lord Northcote Medal Fund, deposited with the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay	400
Government Promissory Notes bearing interest at 3½ per cent. bought from the funds of the Institution, deposited with the Imperial Bank of India	25,000
Government Promissory Notes bearing interest at 3½ per cent. bought from the amount collected for the maintenance of a lame boy of the Institution deposited with the Imperial Bank of India	200
Government Promissory Notes bearing interest at 3½ per cent. being the deposit of a contractor, deposited with the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay	200
Deposit at call bearing interest at 6 per cent. being the amount collected for Colonel Lloyd Jones Medal Fund, deposited with the New Mofusil Co., Ltd., Bombay	525
Total ...	58,025

and Reformatory Institution for the year 1924-25—concld.

EXPENDITURE.

Particulars.	Securities and deposits.	Cash.	
		Details.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Brought forward ...	.....	.....	76,255 14 11
Paid on account of cost of erecting a stone platform for the use of the kitchen... ...	.....	.....	180 0 0
Paid on account of charges for tinning the kitchen utensils ...	.....	.....	640 0 0
Paid on account of cash prizes to the boys at the Annual Prize Distribution	.....	.....	133 0 0
Contingencies	.....	.....	2,642 6 6
By—Balance at 31st March 1925—			
Cash with the Imperial Bank of India	.....	14,068 2 0	
Cash with the Secretary ...	.....	160 5 2	
			14,228 7 2
By—Face value of Securities as per details at the foot of this account ...	58,025 0 0	.....	.....
Total ...	58,025 0 0	.....	94,079 12 7

E. J. BUNBURY,
Chairman.

N. S. NERURKAR,
Secretary.

Examined and found correct.

N. NARAYAN ROW,
Senior Auditor.

P. K. WATTAL,
Examiner, Outside Audit.

APPENDIX B.

After-conduct of discharged boys during the four years ending 31st March 1925.

		Year ending 31st March 1925.	Four years ending 31st March 1925.
1.	Total number discharged during	169	467
2.	Number discharged taught Carpentry	14	46
3.	" " " Painting	16	46
4.	" " " Blacksmith's work ...	13	35
5.	" " " Fitter's work	14	43
6.	" " " Spinning	67	201
7.	" " " Gardening	4	12
8.	" " " Cane Weaving ...	27	65
9.	" " " Tailoring	2	2
10.	" " " Reading and Writing ...	7	10
11.	" " not taught any trade (Lunatics) ...	5	7
12.	" in entry (2) occupied in Carpentry after leaving Institution.	1	25
13.	" " (3) occupied in Painting after leaving Institution.	2	30
14.	" " (4) occupied in Blacksmith's work after leaving Institution.	2	18
15.	" " (5) occupied in Fitter's work after leaving Institution.	1	29
16.	" " (6) occupied in Spinning after leaving Institution.	37	108
17.	" " (7) occupied in Gardening after leaving Institution.	.....	5
18.	" " (8) occupied in Cane Weaving after leaving Institution.	.....	21
19.	" " (9) occupied in Clerical Work after leaving Institution.	.....	1
20.	" occupied in business or trade not taught at the Institution (*i.e.*, peons, hawkers, hotel servants, etc.).	26	65
21.	" occupied as Drill or Drawing Teachers ...	.....	1
22.	" joined the Army	.....	.....
23.	" gone to sea	.....	2
24.	" joined other schools	5	21
25.	" left for their native places	7	45
26.	" who have been re-convicted	2	5
27.	" whose whereabouts are not known ...	.....	89
28.	" who have died	1	2
29.	" sent to Sheppard After-Care Auxiliary Home.	85	213

N.B.—In previous years' statistics the boys who were sent to the Auxiliary Home if subsequently employed were shown in this Table under their particular employment heading. From 1924-25 boys sent to the Auxiliary Home are shown under item (29) only and a separate statement (Appendix C) is attached showing the number of boys who obtained employment from the Home.

APPENDIX C.

Particulars of Boys sent to the Sheppard After-Care Auxiliary Home on discharge.

	1923-24.	1924-25.
Total number of Boys sent to the Home	65	85
" " " who left the Home	55	85
Number of Boys who obtained employment in Mills ...	11	15
" " " " " as Fitters ...	4	2
" " " " " as Carpenters ...	4	3
" " " " " as Hotel servants.	8	3
" " " " " as Domestic Servants.	2	2
" " " " " as Hospital Attendants.	.....	4
" " " " " as Dock Labourers.	3	1
" " " " " as Tile Makers ...	1	.....
" " " " " in Paper Factory.	3	2
" " " " " in Day School ...	1	2
" " " " " as Hat Manufacturers.	.....	1
" " " " " as Handloom Weavers.	.....	2
" " " " " as Hawkers ...	.....	4
" " " " " as Cinema Attendants.	.....	1
" " " " " in Agriculture ...	.....	1
Taken by parents or relations or not traced	18	45
Readmitted after leaving Home	1	2
Total number for whom employment was found... ...	37	40
Maximum Number of Boys in Home at any one time ...	.....	25
Average duration of stay in Home	14 days.	17 days.

APPENDIX D.

Showing the Average Cost per Head for the years 1923-24 and 1924-25.

Year.	Attendance.		Expenditure.		Average cost per head per annum.	
	Number on the rolls on 31st March.	Average monthly number during the year.	Government Funds.	All sources (Total).	To Government.	Total.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1923-24	330	308	63,529	89,105	206 4 2	289 4 9
1924-25	321	306	65,144	80,278	212 14 9	262 5 6

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APPENDIX E.

Number of Boys receiving instruction in various subjects as on 31st March 1925.

Workshop or Class.	Whole day boys.	Half day boys.
English 1st	.....	11
Do. 2nd	.....	7
Do. 3rd	.....	4
Marathi Infant	11	73
Do. 1st	4	21
Do. 2nd	.....	13
Do. 3rd	.....	8
Gujrati Infant	3	25
Do. 1st	1	27
Do. 2nd	.....	14
Do. 3rd	.....	7
Total ...	19	210
Blacksmith Shop	8	19
Fitter Shop	5	28
Carpenter Shop	7	32
Cane Shop	4	35
Paint Shop	5	34
Tailoring Shop	5	28
Gardening	7	20
Kitchen	14	4
Mill	.....	84
Total ...	55	284

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